EMBARK Consulting Limited

INITIAL COMPLIANCE AUDIT

Pointon Sports and Social Club

29th July 2020



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Executive Summary

On 29th July 2020 an initial Health, Safety and Environmental inspection was carried out by an Embark Consulting Limited Consultant at the Pointon Sports and Social Club. The audit was conducted at the request of the local parish council chairperson, and included an inspection of the clubhouse, ancillary buildings, car park, playing fields and machinery on the land.

The facilities compromise of:

- Club house with a social lounge area, games area, kitchen/bar, pump room, 2x shower rooms and 2x toilets
- Car park with access from Fen Road, with adequate parking for over 20 cars
- Storage shed to the rear of the club house
- Partially collapsed extension to clubhouse
- Large multi-purpose sports field
- Playground area with assorted play equipment
- Machinery stores
- 2x storage containers (1 unlocked, 1 locked and unable to inspect)

The land and property are owned by Pointon and Sempringham Parish Council, and then leased to Pointon Pointon Sports and Social Club. Pointon and Sempringham Parish Council have joint responsibility for the operations and maintenance of the facilities and have in place ad-hoc agreements with local clubs and organisations to use the facilities. For the purpose of this inspection and avoidance of doubt, each part is defined as:

Landlord – Pointon and Sempringham Parish Council

Management Company – Pointon Sports and Social Club together with Pointon Community Playing Field Committee

Users – Pointon Football Club and the general public

Pointon and Sempringham Parish Council and all users of the facilities and grounds are volunteers or members of voluntary groups, as such there are no employees and the Health and Safety at Work Act 1974 would not apply. However, the Health and Safety Executive consider all social clubs, village halls and playing fields have a legal duty to comply with Health and Safety law and this is inclusive of HASWA 1974.

Anyone with control of non-domestic premises (such as a hall) has legal responsibilities under health and safety law to take reasonable measures to ensure the hall, access to it and any equipment or substances provided are safe for people using it, so far as is ' *reasonably practicable* '.

Responsibility for the operation and maintenance of the hall may be organised by the owner or by a voluntary management committee.

The owner

The owner, for example a community association, charitable trust, or local authority, is likely to have health and safety duties (and fire safety duties) for those who use the hall where they still have control over it. For example, they should keep it in good repair, and have appropriate fire precautions in place.

The management committee

A management committee can be regarded as a legal entity under health and safety law, even if it doesn't employ anyone and is only made up of volunteers.

It has no responsibility under the Health and Safety at Work Act for risks created by the work activity of others, such as those maintaining the building, or for the activities organised by those who use the hall.

However, where a management committee has control over the hall, they should take reasonable measures to ensure the hall, and any equipment or substances provided there, are safe for the purpose's visitors are expected to use them for.

Where more than one person or organisation has control over a building, they will all have joint responsibility for it.

The user

Users have responsibility for managing risks, so far as reasonably practicable, arising from their own activities when they have control of premises or control of equipment on the premises. If the user has at least one employee, they will also have wider duties under health and safety law.

Primary Findings

The facilities at the Pointon Sports and Social Club were generally in poor condition, through lack of maintenance over several years with a lack of understanding or appreciation for the health and safety of the users of the club. There are many findings within this initial audit that suggests that users of the club are placed at significant risk of serious injury or possible fatalities. The priority actions are detailed below.

Applicable legislation

Applicable legislation, regulation or	Compliant?	Remarks
approved code of practise		
Health and Safety at Work Act 1974	Breach	Ensure the health and safety of employees, volunteers and users.
Management of Health and Safety at Work 1999	Breach	making 'assessments of risk' to the health and safety of its workforce, and to act upon risks they identify, so as to reduce them (Regulation 3); appointing competent persons to oversee
	breach	workplace health and safety; providing workers with information and training on occupational health and safety;
Control of Substances Hazardous to Health	Breach	COSHH is the law that requires employers to control substances that are hazardous to health. You can prevent or reduce workers exposure to hazardous substances by: finding out what the health hazards are; deciding how to prevent harm to health (risk assessment);
Health, Safety and Welfare Regulations 1992	Breach	adequate lighting, heating, ventilation and workspace (and keep them in a clean condition); staff facilities, including toilets, washing facilities and refreshment; and
		safe passageways, i.e. to prevent slipping and tripping hazards.

The Personal Protective Equipment at Work Regulations 1992	Breach	ensure that suitable personal protective equipment (PPE) is provided free of charge "wherever there are risks to health and safety that cannot be adequately controlled in other ways." The PPE must be 'suitable' for the risk in question, and include protective face masks and goggles, safety helmets, gloves, air filters, ear defenders, overalls and protective footwear; and provide information, training and instruction on the use of this equipment
Manual Handling Operations regulations 1992	Breach	instruction on the use of this equipment. avoid (so far as is reasonably practicable) the need for <u>employees</u> to undertake any manual handling activities involving risk of injury; make assessments of manual handling risks, and try to reduce the risk of injury. The assessment should consider the task, the load and the individual's personal characteristics (physical strength, etc.); and provide workers with information on the weight of each load.
The Provision and Use of Work Equipment Regulations 1998	Breach	ensure the safety and suitability of work equipment for the purpose for which it is provided; properly maintain the equipment, irrespective of how old it is; provide information, instruction and training on the use of equipment; and protect employees from dangerous parts of machinery.
Lifting Operations and Lifting Equipment Regulations 1998	Breach	The Lifting Operations and Lifting Equipment Regulations (LOLER) are in place to ensure that all lifting equipment is used in a safe manner. Any business or organisation whose employees operate lifting equipment on the job are required to comply to these regulations , which come under the Health and Safety at Work Act
Construction, Design and Management Regulations 2015	Breach	The Construction (Design & Management) Regulations (CDM 2015)

		are the main set of regulations for managing the health, safety and welfare of construction projects. CDM applies to all building and construction work and includes new build, demolition, refurbishment, extensions, conversions, repair and maintenance.
Electricity at Work Regulations 1989	Breach	The Electricity at Work Regulations apply to all aspects of the use of electricity within the workplace . They place duties on employers, employees and the self- employed to prevent danger. carry out work on electrical systems carried out in a way that prevents danger
Work at Height Regulations 2005		The purpose of The Work at Height Regulations 2005 is to prevent death and injury caused by a fall from height. If you are an employer or you control work at height (for example facilities managers or building owners who may contract others to work at height) the Regulations apply to you

HAZARD IDENTIFIERS AND ACTION LIST

Definition of Priority

Immediate	Recommendations are very serious matters which require immediate action.		
High	Recommendations are serious matters to be addressed as soon as practicable		
Medium	Recommendations are to be addressed once all high priority actions have been completed		
Low	Recommendations are to be addressed within six to twelve months of this report.		
"Rec"	It is desirable for the specified improvement to be implemented as part of good management practice as and when resources become available		

No	Ref	Action Required	Priority
1	1	Carry out a risk Assessment to be undertaken for all volunteers under the age of 18	Medium
2	2	Disabled access assessment to be undertaken	Medium
3	6	Specific risk assessments are required for tasks with significant risk, as well as risk assessment for the general use of the club and fields etc. These should be communicated to all and appropriate training provided.	Medium
4	8	SSOW's should be created for each task, and communicated to all volunteers and training provided where appropriate	Medium
5	10	Ensure a fixed wiring inspection is carried out immediately, the main fuse board is replaced, and all exposed cable is confirmed as dead and removed.	Immediate
6	13	Arrange for a competent waste carrier such as Biffa or Veolia to remove the gas cylinders. Provide a caged and locked area for all LPG gas cylinders to be stored in the future.	Immediate
7	15	Main clubhouse should be inspected by a competent engineer and roofing engineer to ensure the building is structurally sound. Rear extension to be immediately barriered off to prevent access, warning signs placed around the structure and demolished by a competent contractor	Immediate
8	17	The building was built prior to 2000, as such an asbestos survey is required to ensure that no asbestos is present	Immediate

		Undertake an asbestos survey.	
		All future works will require a full maintenance and demolition	
9	19	asbestos survey to be undertaken.	Immediate
		https://www.hse.gov.uk/asbestos/surveys.htm	
10	20	Repair to the car park, and cleaning regime to sweep up excess gravel.	High
11	21	Demarcate the parking bays, and provide a pedestrian walkway either	High
12		in the car park or the perimeter of the car park	
12	22	Replace the car park lighting and ensure these are maintained.	High
13	24	Ensure the ramp is sufficient with clear access to the building, all uneven or broken slabs must be replaced and maintained.	Immediate
		Place emergency lights on the outside of the building to ensure safe	
14	25	egress from the building and decked area.	Immediate
		Replace lighting with higher lumen rated lights and increase number	
15	27	of lights in main rooms. Ensure emergency lighting is in place above	High
		the main exits from the building	
16	29	Ensure good housekeeping to reduce the risk of a trip hazard	High
17	30	Replace shelving, and place heavy items at the bottom of the shelves.	High
18	32	Replace the windows in the door with tempered glass.	High
19	33	Carry out a fire risk assessment	Immediate
20	35	Undertake the fire risk assessment, and then fit fire alarms as per the assessment	Immediate
		Store all combustible chemicals in a lockable cabinet and ensure all	
21	38	waste is stored safely.	Immediate
22	40	Undertake a legionnaires risk assessment	Immediate
23	43	Inspection on the MEWP or remove from site to prevent use.	Immediate
24	44	Carry out machinery risk assessments and provide training	High
25	47	Carry out maintenance on the machinery to ensure safety and put in	High
26	10	place an inspection regime	Madium
26	48	Carry out ladder inspections Provide all users with training on machinery and keep records of all	Medium
27	52	training	High
28	61	Purchase spill kits and place bunds around fuel and oil stores.	Immediate
29	66	Undertake a first aid risk assessment, which will then identify the first	Immediate
23	00	aid kits required, locations and how many.	mineulate
30	67	Ensure suitable first aid trained volunteers and place signage so that	Immediate
		all users know who is trained in first aid.	
31	70	Ensure a manual handling assessment has been undertaken to prevent injury to volunteers	High
32	73	Carry out a PPE Assessment, and provide PPE all volunteers	Immediate
33	76	Place an accident book in the clubhouse and log all accidents.	Medium
34	79	Carry out a noise assessment and review the PPE required	High
		Review all exposure to fumes	
35	81	Provide LEV and PPE where fumes exist and carry out an assessment	High
		and controls.	
36	84	Replace the poster and add a competent named person onto the	Immediate
		poster Carry out COSHH Assessments.	
37	86	Remove COSHH that is seriously hazardous to health	Immediate
57	00	Display COSHH Assessments and provide training to volunteers.	
		Purchase a COSHH Cabinet to store all COSHH and to ensure that this	
38	88	is kept locked and away from children and untrained users.	Immediate
1	I		

39	92	Stop all use of the MEWP and ask a qualified tree surgeon to carry out	Immediate
35	52	the works	mmeulate

Name of Client Person Seen			Number of Employees Name of Surv		veyor	Date of Survey	
Point	Pointon Sports & Social Club Chris South			5 volunteers on site David Raymo		ond	29 th July 2020
Ref	Ref Topic			Remarks		Acti	on Recommended
Spec	ific Risk Management						
1	Are risk assessments in pla age of 18 (young workers)?			c assessments in place, as a volunt workers need to be protected.	ary trust any	Risk Assessment to under the age of 18	be undertaken for all volunteers
2	Have assessments/consulta any employees with disabil			dence of assessments carried out t of the club	or disabled	Disabled access asse	essment to be undertaken
3	Have assessments been care expectant mothers?	rried out for any new or	N/A				
4	Does the club employ Non- Employees?	-English-speaking	No evi	dence of non-English speaking volu	unteers		
Insur	rances						
5	5 Are the relevant insurances held and on display where required?		Employers insurance displayed on the notice board, no evidence of public liability insurance.		Renewal for employer's insurance is 7 th August 2020. Display a copy of the public liability insurance		
Risk	Assessments						
6	Have risk assessments bee and activities?	n carried out for all tasks	-	n of any risk assessments in the clu nan unable to produce risk assessm		significant risk, as w general use of the c	nents are required for tasks with rell as risk assessment for the lub and fields etc. These should be II and appropriate training
7	Have the findings of the ris explained/communicated t		No risk assessments		As Above		
Safe	Systems of Work						
8	8 Have safe systems of systems of work been created and documented?		No SSOW's for any tasks		SSOW's should be created for each task, and communicated to all volunteers and training provided where appropriate		
9	9 Have safe systems of work been explained/communicated to employees?		No			As Above	

Servi	Ces		
10	Has the club had an electrical fixed mains inspection carried out?	No fixed wiring inspection carried out. The fixed wiring was in poor condition, and exposed cabling and unprotected cabling exposed. Serious risk of electrocution. Main fuse board in disrepair and lack warning signs at mains terminal and fuse boards	Ensure a fixed wiring inspection is carried out immediately, the main fuse board is replaced, and all exposed cable is confirmed as dead and removed.
11	Have written schemes of examination been created for compressors and pressure systems by a competent person?	No pressure systems	
Gas			
12	Are gas appliances serviced annually by a gas safe engineer?	No mains gas in the clubhouse	
13	Is the storage of gas cylinders adequate?	Gas cylinders stored at the rear of the clubhouse and behind a storage container, all are old with a varying quantity of gas remaining in the cylinders. These present a serious risk to the building from escaping gas from old and damaged gas bottle valves.	Arrange for a competent waste carrier such as Biffa or Veolia to remove the gas cylinders. Provide a caged and locked area for all LPG gas cylinders to be stored in the future.
14	Are gas cylinders (bulk and regular) inspected by a competent person at the appropriate intervals?	No	Ensure an inspection regime is established.
Struc	tural Integrity		
15	Is the building structurally sound from a visual inspection?	The clubhouse is several decades old, with signs of damage to the roofing, damp on the walks and uneven flooring. The main clubhouse visually sound. A rear extension to the clubhouse is partially collapsed, with the roof taken off and unsupported walls and lintels. The extension is not barriered off, and the structure is seriously unstable, with a clear and present danger to life from collapse.	Main clubhouse should be inspected by a competent engineer and roofing engineer to ensure the building is structurally sound. Rear extension to be immediately barriered off to prevent access, warning signs placed around the structure and demolished by a competent contractor
16	Are there any sign of damage or partial collapse that may affect the buildings integrity?	Rear extension partially collapsed, lintels lose and likely to collapse with minimal effort or with high winds.	As above
Asbe			
17	Has an asbestos survey been carried out?	No survey undertaken	The building was built prior to 2000, as such an asbestos survey is required to ensure that no asbestos is present
18	Is there an asbestos register available?	No	As above

Asbe	stos continued		
19	Have any works been undertaken that may have damaged the fabric of the building and exposed asbestos fibres?	Yes, works carried out the ceilings and walls in several locations, exposing the fabric of the building and insultation. This work has been carried out without the knowledge of whether asbestos is present within the building	Undertake an asbestos survey. All future works will require a full maintenance and demolition asbestos survey to be undertaken. <u>https://www.hse.gov.uk/asbestos/surveys.htm</u>
Car P			
20	Is the car park surface maintained to minimise slip and trip risks?	Yes, the car park has potholes and loose gravel which increases the risk of slips, trips and falls	Repair to the car park, and cleaning regime to sweep up excess gravel.
21	Are vehicle and pedestrian routes/flows and car park and site entrance/exits clearly marked?	No pedestrian routes or car parking space demarcated on the car park, which increase the risk of vehicles colliding with pedestrians	Demarcate the parking bays, and provide a pedestrian walkway either in the car park or the perimeter of the car park
22	Is the car park well lit?	No, streetlights provided but not maintained so lighting not working	Replace the lighting and ensure these are maintained.
23	Can emergency vehicles gain access?	Yes, sufficient access for emergency vehicles.	
Move	ement Around the Building	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	<u> </u>
24	Are paths, steps and any ramps to and from the hall properly maintained to minimise slip and trip risks?	No, ramps have been placed on the entrance from the car park to a raised decking area. However, the ramps are uneven and unsupported. Additionally, there are raised slabs that have been laid over an old decked area, which presents a trip hazards for all users coming up the ramp and is especially hazardous for wheelchair users. No grit bin provided, so the ramp may become slippery in the wet and ice.	Ensure the ramp is sufficient with clear access to the building, all uneven or broken slabs must be replaced and maintained.
25	Is lighting suitable and sufficient to allow safe access and exit (including lighting of emergency exits)?	Lighting to the exterior of the building on a timer switch, no emergency lighting	Place emergency lights on the outside of the building to ensure safe egress from the building and decked area.
26	Have you provided matting to minimise rainwater etc being carried into the building?	Yes	
27	Do rooms and corridors have sufficient lighting?	No, minimal lighting in the main room and corridors	Replace lighting with higher lumen rated lights and increase number of lights in main rooms. Ensure emergency lighting is in place above the main exits from the building
28	Are corridors clear of clutter?	Yes	
29	Are there any trailing electrical leads/cables?	Yes, cables trailing across the floor	Ensure good housekeeping to reduce the risk of a trip hazard
30	Are permanent fixtures in good condition, e.g. seats, shelving, cupboards, notice boards, signage etc.?	No, shelves overloaded with heavy items stored above head height.	Replace shelving, and place heavy items at the bottom of the shelves.

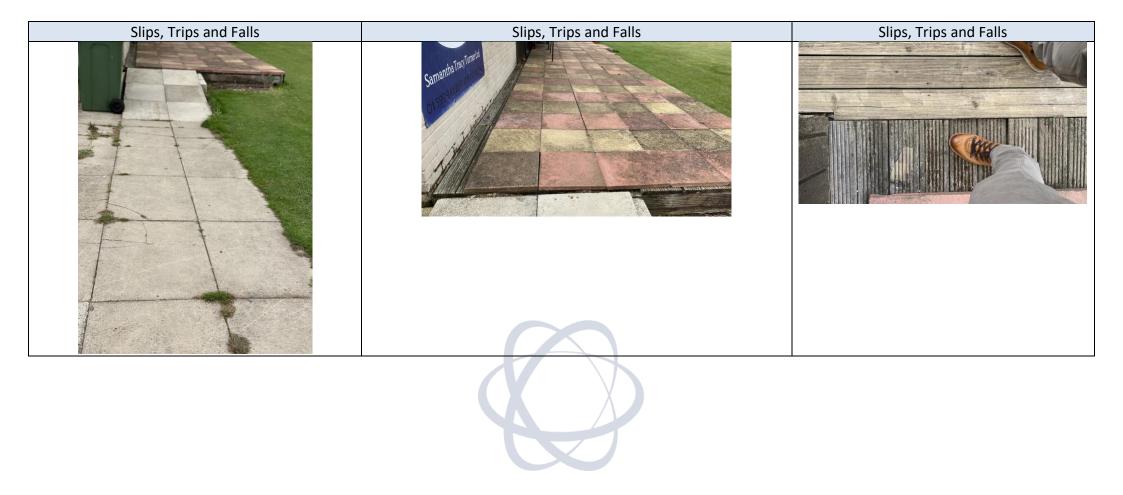
Mov	ement Around the Building continued						
31	Is internal flooring in good condition, e.g. are carpets fixed?	Main area in satisfactory condition, the main corridor has vinyl flooring which is peeling up creating a trip hazard	Glue down vinyl flooring and replace any damaged flooring				
32	Where any doors contain glass, is this made from a safety material?	Yes, main entrance door contains glass that it NOT shatter proof with the BS kite mark.	Replace the windows in the door with tempered glass.				
Fire			·				
33	Has a fire risk assessment been completed and are adequate fire safety measures in place?	No fire risk assessment has been undertaken at the club house, which means that an assessment of the required extinguishers and escape route and precautions required has not been identified.	Carry out a fire risk assessment				
34	Has an evacuation plan been implemented and tested?	No evacuation plan	Create an evacuation plan and test				
35	Is the fire alarm tested regularly?	No fire alarms fitted in the building	Undertake the fire risk assessment, and then fit fire alarms as per the assessment				
36	Are fire drills carried out at least once a year?	No					
37	 Are regular checks made to ensure escape routes and fire exit doors are: unobstructed; and adequate and effective for the number of people using the hall (including those who are disabled or vulnerable)? 	Νο	Undertake the fire risk assessment				
38	Are combustible substances or waste stored safely?	No, combustible materials stored unsafely in the clubhouse and in the stores area. With significant volumes of flammable liquids stored directly adjacent to sources of ignitions	Store all combustible chemicals in a lockable cabinet and ensure all waste is stored safely.				
39	Is fire-fighting equipment in place and tested regularly in line with the manufacturer's guidance? Are staff (and others) trained in how to use it?	Firefighting equipment is in place, but as a fire risk assessment has not been undertaken these may not be sufficient for the fires that may occur in the clubhouse No firefighting equipment in the stores, where diesel, oils and flammable liquids are stored	Undertake the fire risk assessment				
Legic	egionnaires' Disease						
40	Do you or users do anything that involves spraying/sprayed water (e.g. using showers in changing rooms, or a humidifier) that could contain legionella bacteria? (These bacteria can cause legionnaires' disease.)	Yes, showers in the changing rooms	Undertake a legionnaires risk assessment				

Legic	onnaires' Disease continued		
41	If you cannot avoid spraying water, do you have an up-to-date plan for dealing with this risk?	No risk assessment	Undertake a legionnaires risk assessment
42	Is it clear who is responsible for doing things in the plan and do they keep a record of any checks (e.g. temperature checks)?	Νο	Undertake a legionnaires risk assessment
Plant	, Machinery and Equipment		-
43	Are statutory inspections carried out for lifting appliances?	No, the only lifting appliance is an old telecoms mobile elevated platform, which has no records of inspection and is unsafe to use	Inspection on the MEWP or remove from site to prevent use.
44	Have machinery risk assessments been carried out where required?	No risk assessments in place for the machinery on site	Carry out machinery risk assessments and provide training
45	Has training been carried out for the use forklift trucks?	N/A	
46	Are daily inspections conducted on forklift trucks?	N/A	
47	Is all plant, machinery and equipment in good condition?	No, majority of the plant and machinery is in poor condition with no inspection records or manuals available for use	Carry out maintenance on the machinery to ensure safety and put in place an inspection regime
48	Are ladders, steps and other access equipment detailed in a register and inspected?	No, 2 ladders found, neither have been inspected and one is damaged and should not be used	Carry out ladder inspections
49	Have routine equipment checks been carried out and recorded?	No	Ensure routine checks are in place, and records are kept and available for inspection.
50	Are roller shutter doors inspected and maintained?	N/A	
51	Is a documented planned maintenance scheme in operation?	No planned maintenance scheme in place	
52	Are employees trained in the safe use of all machinery and equipment?	No training records available, it is suspected that the machinery is used by only a few of the volunteers. However, there is a responsibility on the owners of the plant to provide sufficient training on the safe use of the machinery	Provide all users with training on machinery and keep records of all training
53	Is portable appliance testing carried out?	No, portable appliances have not been tested or are out of date	Carry out PAT testing, specifically on heating appliances
54	Have local exhaust ventilation systems (LEV) been inspected by competent person in the necessary timeframe?	N/A	
55	Is racking in good condition with the appropriate signage?	No, racking overloading and poor housekeeping	Please items on the rack to ensure heavy items are at the bottom of the rack and improve housekeeping
56	Are racking inspections carried out by a competent person (SEMA)?	N/A	

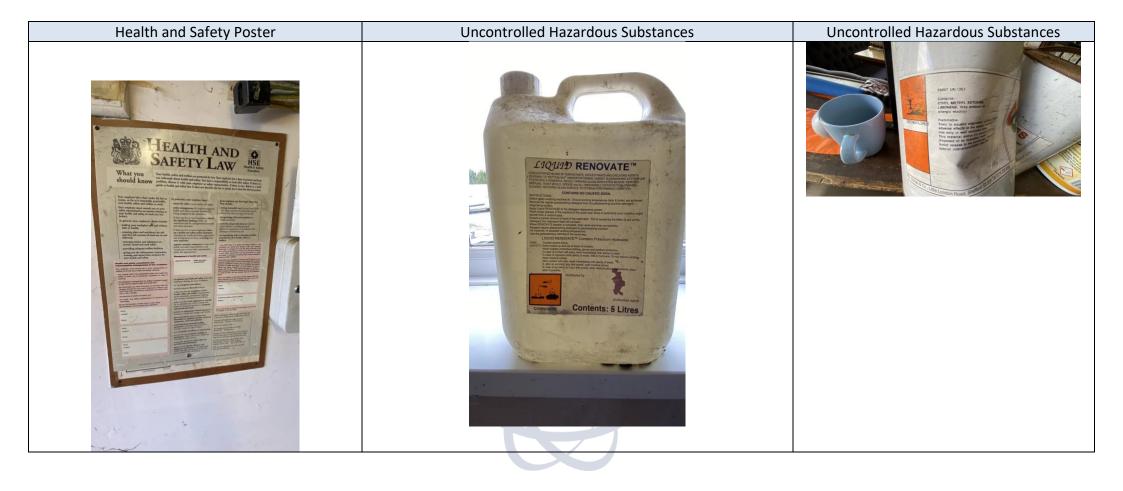
Envir	Environmental Management				
57	Does the club have an Environmental Policy Statement?	N/A			
58	Are waste transfer notes available?	No	Ensure waste transfer notes are retained for all waste removed from site, and the parish council remains responsible for any waste disposed of illegally.		
59	Are hazardous waste consignment notes retained?	No	As Above		
60	Does the company have a current waste carriers' licence?	N/A			
61	Does the company have a spills kit available?	No spill kits available, and as there is a diesel storage tank in the stores it is vital that a spill kit is placed local to the tank. The tank should also be bunded to ensure that any breach of the tank does not create a leak to ground. Additionally, several oil drums are stored in varying conditions, these should be placed on a bunded tray to prevent any leak to ground	Purchase spill kits and place bunds around fuel and oil stores.		
62	Has the nominated person received any environmental training?	N/A			
Occupational Health					
63	Are employment medical questionnaires issued?	N/A			
64	Are employees who use RPE as part of their role fit tested?	N/A			
65	Has a programme of occupational health surveillance been put in place for employees? (MSDs, Skin, Spirometry, Audiometry, HAV, Asbestos, Silica)	None			
66	Has a first aid needs assessment been conducted and actioned?	No first aid risk assessment	Undertake a first aid risk assessment, which will then identify the first aid kits required, locations and how many.		
67	Are adequate first aiders available?	No first aiders on site	Ensure suitable first aid trained volunteers and place signage so that all users know who is trained in first aid.		
68	Are notices displayed indicating locations of first aiders and the first aid boxes?	No, only 3 first aid boxes found in the changing rooms and no eye wash station			
69	Are first aid boxes available and inspected once a month to replace any used or out of date items?				

Man	Manual Handling				
70	Have manual handling risk assessments been carried out?	No	Ensure a manual handling assessment has been undertaken to prevent injury to volunteers		
71	Have findings of the manual handling assessments been communicated to effected employees?	No			
72	Have employees been trained in manual handling?	No			
Perso	onal Protective Equipment				
73	Have any PPE assessments been undertaken?	No PPE on site, which needs to be urgently reviewed as there are several items of COSHH and plant and machinery that require the use of PPE to safely operate or use.	Carry out a PPE Assessment, and provide PPE all volunteers		
74	Have employees been trained in the correct use, storage and replacement of PPE?	No			
75	Is Personal Protective Equipment issued and recorded?	No			
Accio	lent and Incident Management		1		
76	Does the company have a near miss or incident reporting procedure in place?	No Accident book in the club house	Place an accident book in the clubhouse and log all accidents.		
77	Are accidents and incidents recorded?	No			
78	Do accidents and incidents get investigated?	No			
Noise	2				
79	Has a noise risk assessment survey been undertaken?	No, and the machinery in use on the field emits noise higher than the action levels of 80db	Carry out a noise assessment and review the PPE required		
80	If required is hearing protection available?	No			
Fume	25	·	•		
81	Where there is the potential fume exposure have steps been taken to reduce this at source?	No, risk of exposure to fumes in the kitchen stores (Nitrogen and CO2) and in the stores (Diesel, Oils and Chemicals) Significant risk of harm to user's health from breathing hazardous fumes and being overcome by fumes. Possible confined space in the kitchen stores where nitrogen is stored for gassing, but no LEV is in place	Review all exposure to fumes Provide LEV and PPE where fumes exist and carry out an assessment and controls.		
82	Has monitoring been carried out to determine exposure levels?	No	Undertake exposure limit assessment		
83	Has training on the hazards of fume exposure been provided to relevant employees?	No			

Safet	ty Signage				
84	Is a copy of the latest health and safety Law poster displayed and contact details completed?	No the poster displayed in the kitchen is out of data and does not show the responsible person for He and Safety	I Rohiaco tho hostor and a compotent hamod		
85	As health and safety signage been audited and deemed adequate throughout the premise?	No			
Cont	rol of Hazardous Substances (COSHH)				
86	Are COSHH assessments available for all hazardous substances?	No. Significant quantities of COSHH in all areas, some are serious health hazards. No COSHH assessments available for any of the substances used	that Carry out COSHH Assessments. Remove COSHH that is seriously hazardous to health Display COSHH Assessments and provide training to volunteers.		
87	Has training on hazardous substances been provided?	No			
88	Is storage available and suitable for the hazardous substances held?	No suitable storage available for COSHH	Purchase a COSHH Cabinet to store all COSHH and to ensure that this is kept locked and away from children and untrained users.		
89	Have other biological issues been assessed?	No			
Worl	k at Height				
90	Have employees who undertake work at height trained? (IPAF/PASMA/Ladders)	No training for any users for the safe user of ladd working at height	ers or Provide training to volunteers requiring it		
91	Has work at height equipment been inspected as required (Ladders/Harnesses/Mobile Towers etc)?	No inspections of ladders			
92	Has the work at height hierarchy been considered in task risk assessments?	No, the MEWP on site is in breach of the LOLER Regulations and is used to prune the trees	Stop all use of the MEWP and ask a qualified tree surgeon to carry out the works		
Worl	kplace and Welfare				
93	Are suitable and appropriate welfare facilities available?	Yes			
94	Are welfare arrangements for transient personnel considered?	Yes			
95	Is the heating, ventilation and lighting adequate for the workplace adequate?	Yes			
Addi	Additional Observations				
96					
97					
98					



Slips, Trips and Falls	Slips, Trips and Falls	Slips, Trips and Falls
Unsafe Structures	Unsafe Structures	Unsafe Structures



Uncontrolled Hazardous Substances	Uncontrolled Hazardous Substances	Uncontrolled Hazardous Substances
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